

[30th July 1962]

APPENDIX I.

[Vide answer to Starred question No. 774 on page 756.]

1.—(a) & (b) The nitrogenous fertilisers are distributed in this State under Government Trading Scheme. The Government of India are responsible to arrange for the procurement and supply of nitrogenous fertilisers to the States under the Central Poll Scheme. Fertilisers are in short supply in the country at present, owing to the fact that the indigenous production is far less than the demand and the imports to meet the deficit are limited by the foreign exchange position.

2. The following figures give the firm demands placed with the Government of India by the State Government for the past 5 years and the allotments made by the Government of India against these demands and the actual receipt.

Year.	Firm demand in tonnes.	Allocation made by the Government of India. (in tonnes).	Actual receipt.	Percentage of allo- cation with refer- ence to the de- mand placed with the Government of India.	Percentage of re- ceipt in respect of Demand.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1957-58	..	2,03,700	1,28,288	1,39,191	62.48
1958-59	..	2,38,750	1,27,265	1,33,479	53.30
1959-60	..	2,56,250	1,66,916	1,51,812	60.13
1960-61	..	2,11,000	1,10,250	1,21,066	45.74
1961-62	..	2,61,380	1,70,724	1,70,200	65.31

From the above, it may be seen that the Government of India have not met in full, the demand placed with them as their percentage of allocation ranges only from 45.74 for 1960-61 to 65.31 in 1961-62. Further, it may be stated that the actual receipt (which includes certain quantity of allocation made to the previous year) in relation to demand placed with the Government of India during the period from 1957-58 to 1961-62 shows that the receipt 68.33 per cent is the highest in 1957-58 and 50.23 per cent is the lowest in 1960-61. However, the Government have been making every effort to secure as much fertilisers as possible to meet the demand by pressing the Government of India from time to time.

2. As regards Superphosphate, the Government of India allot the requirements of the States from the production expected from the manufacturers. The allotment to this State is being distributed

30th July 1962]

by the manufacturers themselves to the consumers through their net work of agencies under informal control of the Government. The Director of Agriculture, Madras watches the distribution of this fertiliser according to the monthwise targets fixed for each district with a view to ensure that the stocks are moved to districts according to demand.

3. As regards the Potassic fertilisers the distribution is done by the Indian Potash Supply Agency through their own agents and the supply of this fertiliser is comparatively satisfactory.

APPENDIX II.

[Vide answer to starred question No. 775 on page 757.]

Statement showing the number of persons to whom permits for consumption of foreign liquor were issued from 1st January 1962 to 24th May 1962.

Under rule 10(B) I of the Madras Liquor (Licence and Permit) Rules 1960.

(Permits on grounds of health to Indian nationals only).

	New Permit.	Renewals.
Permits issued by the Government in the Home Department from 1st January 1962 to 24th May 1962.	191	578

Under Rule 10(B) II-VII of the Madras Liquor (Licence and Permit) Rules, 1960.

(Temporary residents privileged personages, visitors, tourists, Armed Forces, Merchant Navy.)

(i) Permits issued by the Board of Revenue from 1st January 1962 to 24th May 1962.	846
	(including renewal of permits issued to foreigners resident for more than 3 months.)
(ii) Permits issued by the Collectors and the Tahsildar, Kodai-kanal and the Tahsildar, Coonoor from 1st January 1962 to 24th May 1962.	387
	(Foreign and Indian tourists.)